The Fight for Pay Equity: A Federal Road Map
Updated September 2020

In 2019, median annual earnings in the U.S. for men working full time, year-round were $57,456, compared to just $47,299 for women, according to the most recent census data. That means women were paid just 82% of men's earnings — a gap of 18%. The gap narrowed over the past half-century, but progress has stalled in recent years. Our federal equal pay laws need an update and agencies can do more to ensure women bring home the pay they have rightfully earned.

Pass federal bills advancing pay equity. Congress must take action to close the gender pay gap by passing legislation that will enable all women to take home a fair paycheck.

- The Paycheck Fairness Act would protect workers by updating and strengthening the Equal Pay Act of 1963.
- The Pay Equity for All Act would prohibit employers from seeking salary history during the hiring process.
- The Fair Pay Act would require employers to provide equal pay for work of equivalent value.

Issue regulations, then implement and enforce agency actions. Agencies must act to identify and close gender and race-based pay gaps by implementing meaningful executive branch actions.

- Prohibit retaliation against employees of federal contractors who discuss or disclose their wages.
- Require employers to annually collect and report summary pay data by gender, race, and ethnicity.
- Ensure more salaried employees receive appropriate overtime pay.
- Require federal contractors to disclose labor law violations.

Alaska: Tell your member of Congress you want fair pay!

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<tr>
<td>Young (R)</td>
<td>AK-At Large</td>
<td>$60,147</td>
<td>$50,832</td>
<td>84.5%</td>
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Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2019.
*The congressional districts are ranked from smallest wage gap to largest wage gap.
The Fight for Pay Equity: A State Road Map for Alaska

In 2019, median annual earnings for men in Alaska were $60,147 compared to $50,832 for women — an earnings ratio of just 85%, or 9th out of all states and the District of Columbia, according to the most recent census data. The gap is worse for most women of color and working mothers. With Congressional gridlock at the federal level, states are working to enact their own legislation. Check out which provisions Alaska still needs to pass to help close the gap.

To learn more, check out AAUW’s helpful resources at www.aauw.org/fairpay.